

#### We Make Energy Engaging

## Lighting Innovation Hits the Street Area and Street Lighting

Questline Academy



#### Meet Your Panelist

#### Mike Carter



#### Justin Kale





#### Agenda

- Outdoor Lighting Rocks!
- Organizations
- Standards
- Hot Topics
- Products
- Case Studies



Source: FEMP

- 1. Safety
  - o Better light distribution
  - Better light quality to identify colors



Before (HPS)

Source: Progress Energy

After (LED)

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- 2. Green
  - Well-designed outdoor lighting minimizes light pollution.
    - Sky glow, light trespass and glare
    - Dark-Sky Initiative
    - IDA/IESNA Model Lighting Ordinance (MLO)
      - o BUG ratings (TM-15-11)
      - o LEED v4
      - o ASHRAE 189.1





Source: IDA



Source: Clanton & Associates, Inc

Source IES

#### 3. Aesthetics

- Customer appeal
- Brand image improvement
- Enhances architecture and foliage
- $\circ~$  Brightest not always the best



- 4. Productivity
  - Enable tasks to be done outdoors after hours
- 5. Code compliance
  - o IESNA minimum foot-candle requirements for outdoor lighting

Recommended Illuminance Targets (25-65 age group)			
Category	Vertical Candela	Horizontal Candela	
Facades – High Activity			
LZ4 High	20		
LZ3 Medium	15		
Car Sales Lot – High Activity			
LZ4 High	30	30	
LZ3 Medium	20	20	

- 6. More efficient fixtures
  - Energy saving lighting controls
    - Timers, photosensors, and motion sensors



- 7. Reliability
  - New lighting has less downtime
- 8. Free publicity
  - Advanced LED lighting is newsworthy
  - Should receive recognition from the press



Source Architectural Area Lighting





Source: FEMP

#### Adoption of LEDs as of 2014

Outdoor Application	Installed Penetration (%)	Units Installed (Millions)
Area/Roadway	12.7	5.7
Parking Lot	9.7	2.8
Parking Garage	5.0	1.8
Building Exterior	11.5	7.6
Total Outdoor	10.1	8.3
Source: DOE, Adoption of Light-Emitting Diodes (2014)		

- DOE MSSLC Survey 2013
  - 62% of indicated some use of LEDs
  - 36% indicated ongoing use of mercury vapor (MV) lights!
  - The average age of all of the luminaires was 15.3 years
  - The average reported annual costs per light
    - \$96 in electricity
    - \$72 in operations and maintenance

#### **Outdoor Lighting Design**

- The challenge of good lighting design
  - Lamp type
  - Light output
  - o Light quality
    - Color Rendering Index (CRI)
    - Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)
  - o Fixture height
  - Aesthetics
    - Accenting
    - Shadowing
    - Silhouetting



 $\circ$  Facade setback

- o Safety
- Energy consumption
  - Lighting controls
    - o Sensors
    - o Timers
- Light pollution
- Biological impact
- $\circ$  Electrical

Source: http://safety.fhwa.dot.gov

#### **Poll Question**

- Which ONE of the following attributes of outdoor lighting is the highest priority for your customers?
  - a) Aesthetics
  - b) Energy consumption
  - c) Light trespass
  - d) Reliability
  - e) Safety
  - f) Other

#### • Lighting Energy Efficiency in Parking (LEEP) Campaign



List of utility incentives

Lighting Energy Efficiency in Parking (LEEP) Campaign

 Six categories

Efficiency Requirements for Federal Purchases			
Category	LER*		
Fuel pump canopy luminaires	70		
Parking garage luminaires	70		
Outdoor pole/arm-mounted area and roadway luminaires	65		
Outdoor pole/arm-mounted decorative luminaires	65		
Outdoor wall-mounted luminaires	60		
Bollards	25		
*Luminaira Efficacy Pating in	lumons nor watt		

\*Luminaire Efficacy Rating in lumens per watt

### DOE <u>Municipal Solid-State Street Lighting Consortium</u>

- Specifications
  - Networked Outdoor Lighting Control Systems
  - LED Roadway Luminaires



- BBA LED Site (Parking Lot) Lighting Specification
- Financial guidance
  - Full life cycle cost/benefit analysis (LCCBA)
    - Retrofit Financial Analysis Tool
  - Financing options
- Demonstrations
  - GATEWAY demonstration reports (10)
  - Webinars
  - CALiPER testing reports



Municipal Solid-State

STREET LIGHTING

CONSOR

\*Better Buildings Alliance

- DOE Municipal Solid-State Street Lighting Consortium
  - o Lighting Retrofit Financial Analysis Tool
    - Annual energy and energy-cost savings
    - Annual maintenance savings
    - Annual greenhouse gas reductions
    - Net present value, internal rate of return, simple payback



#### Annual Cashflow with Components

- Lighting Research Center at RPI
  - ASSIST: Alliance for Solid-State Illumination Systems and Technologies
    - Parking lot luminaire calculator
    - The Outdoor Lighting Institute
      - o October 27-28, 2015







- Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP)
  - Average 0.56 kWh/sf for parking lots
  - Average 1.37 kWh/sf for parking garages





- DOE Better Buildings Outdoor Lighting Accelerator
  - Goal of replacing 1,500,000 outdoor lighting poles
  - Fifteen charter partners
    - Develop an outdoor lighting roadmap
      - Must incorporate a system-wide analysis
    - Replacing a significant portion of the city's outdoor lighting
    - Share results and lessons learned
    - Identify a key barrier
  - DOE provides
    - Technical assistance
    - Recognition
    - Financing guidance







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#### • <u>Recommended Practice for Roadway Lighting</u>, RP-8-14

- Design considerations
  - Glare and light pollution (skyglow)
    - $\circ~$  Aging drivers
      - Veiling luminance ratio or disability glare (maximum 1.7 at age 65)
  - Spectral considerations (mesopic factors)
    - Visibility at low light levels
    - Restricted to off-road (walkways and bikeways) applications
- o Intersections
- High mast lighting
- o Crosswalks



Source: LED Roadway Lighting, Ltd,

- Recommended Practice for Roadway Lighting, RP-8-14
  - Illuminance method
    - Amount of light incident on roadway surface
  - Luminance method (straight roadway sections)
    - Amount of light reflected from the pavement in the direction of the driver
  - Adaptive lighting\*
    - Adjusted as time of day use changes
      - Pedestrian volumes (50% for "Low" volume)
      - Vehicle volumes
  - Underpasses and overpasses\*
  - Railroad grade crossings\*
  - o Roundabouts\*
  - Toll plazas (four distinct areas)\*

\*New additions

- Recommended Practice for Roadway Lighting, RP-8-14
  - IES TM-15-11 Luminaire Classification System (LCS) for Outdoor Luminaires
    - Replaces cutoff classification
      - Focus now is on zonal lumens, not angles
    - Distribution of light within three primary solid angles



- DOE Rulemakings
  - Energy Conservation Program (ECP) for Metal Halide Lamp Fixtures; Final Rule 2014
    - Effective February 10, 2017
    - New fixtures only
      - HID lamps not being considered
      - Improved ballast efficiencies and wider coverage
    - Probe-start banned
    - Few exemptions
      - Regulated lag ballasts
      - Electronic ballasts at 480V
      - High-frequency electronic ballasts

		Minimum Efficiency	
Ballast Type	Watts	2009 EISA*	2014 Final Rule
Pulse-start	150	88%	82%
	500	88%	91%
	1000	N/A	94%

\*Energy Independence and Security Act

- ASHRAE/IES 90.1-2013 & IECC 2015
  - Permanently installed outdoor lighting
    - Must be controlled by a photocontrol or astronomical time switch
    - Turns off the lighting during daylight hours
  - Façade and landscape lighting turned off:
    - Between midnight and 6 a.m.,

or

- In conjunction with business opening and closing times
- Other outdoor lighting (advertising signage) must operate:
  - Same as façade lighting or
  - When no activity has been detected for 15 minutes



#### Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings (I-P Edition)

See Appendix If for approval dawn by the ASHRAE Sandwick Converties, the ASHRAE Board of Directors, the ICS Board of Directors, and the American Toponal Standards resistant

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- ASHRAE/IES 90.1-2013
  - o 9.4.1.2 Parking Garage Lighting Control
    - a) Parking garage lighting shall have automatic Full OFF lighting controls.
    - b) Lighting power of each luminaire shall be automatically reduced by a minimum of 30% when there is no activity detected within a lighting zone for 20 minutes.
      - 1) Lighting zones for this requirement shall be no larger than 3600 ft<sup>2</sup>.
    - c) Lighting for covered vehicle entrances and exits from buildings and parking structures
      - 1) Shall be separately controlled by a device
      - 2) Shall automatically reduce the lighting by at least 50% from sunset to sunrise
    - d) Light from luminaires on perimeter walls with daylighting potential shall automatically be reduced in response to daylight.



Source: DOE EERE

#### **Poll Question**

- Which of the following organizations is NOT a resource for outdoor lighting?
  - a) BOMA LEEP
  - b) DOE Better Buildings OLA
  - c) YMCA
  - d) DOE MSSLC
  - e) LRC ASSIST

- California Title 24-2013
  - All installed outdoor lighting must be controlled for daylighting by a photo-control or outdoor astronomical time switch.
  - Automatic lighting control required for all outdoor sales area lighting.
    - Also includes building facade, ornamental hardscape and outdoor dining lighting
  - Exterior lighting mounted below 24 feet must have motion sensors.
  - Parking garages power density reduced from 0.2 to 0.14 w/ft<sup>2</sup> max., with more allowed for ramps.
  - Backlight/Uplight/Glare (BUG) ratings for >150 watt lamps
  - Title 24 requirements triggered when:
    - ≥10% of luminaires are altered
    - $\geq$  40 luminaire modifications-in-place

#### Mogul Base LED Lamp Performance

- The Lighting Research Center, RPI
- Market characterization for mogul base socket lamps
  - Exterior HID lighting: roadways (30% of sockets), parking lots (20%), building exterior (14%)
  - Mostly metal halide
- LED market survey
  - Relatively low power lamps
    - $_{\odot}\,$  Averaged 54 W across all products, with a few products over 100 W
  - Roughly 30% of the average price of integral LED luminaires
- Mogul base LED lamp retrofit test results
  - 57% of the area light and roadway lamps met DLC\* criteria
  - Less than 30% of the tested lamps met the DLC efficacy criteria



\*Design Lights Consortium

- The impact of dirt on LED luminaires
  - $\,\circ\,$  Light loss factor typically assumed to be 0.70.
    - Includes lumen depreciation and dirt depreciation.
  - Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
    - Long-term testing results for the 2008 installation of LED luminaires at the I-35 West Bridge in Minneapolis
    - Luminaire dirt depreciation (LDD)
      - o 4% after ~5000 hours
      - 12% after ~20,300 hours (4.5 years)
  - University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
    - Cooper/Eaton claims 0.90 LDD
    - GE Lighting suggests 0.95 LDD
    - Michigan DOT uses 0.90 LDD
    - Indiana DOT uses 0.87 LDD

- Virginia Tech Transportation Institute (VTTI)

#### Lighting Controls

- Time based
  - On (@ night) / off (@ day)
  - On/off in middle of night and on in early morning
- Daylight based
  - Basic on/off based on photocell
    - Sometimes the sensor fails and leads to day burners.
- Motion based
  - Infrared
  - Image-based/video
  - Bluetooth ground sensor





Source: FEMP

- Recycle & Reuse HID, LED Fixtures
  - EPA considers lamps universal waste (not hazardous waste)
    - Fluorescent, high-intensity discharge, neon, mercury vapor, high-pressure sodium, and metal halide lamps
  - However, 12 states in the US have mandatory landfill and incinerator bans for mercury-containing lamps
  - Commercial lamp recyclers
    - NEMA <u>lamprecycle.org</u>
    - <u>Association of Lighting and Mercury Recyclers</u>

## LED Sports Field Lighting

#### KMW GigaTera SUFA

- 84,000 lumens at 800 watts (105 Lumens Per Watt)
- 70 to 80 Color Rendering Index (CRI)
- 50,000 hours life



Source: KMW GigaTera SUFA

#### **Optogan Group (Germany)**

- Eight-head Dynamic Sportfield Floodlight (DSF) system
- 187,000 lumens at 1,700 W (110 LPW)
- 5200 CCT; 75 CRI
- Wireless control



Source: Optogan Group

#### Parking and Area Lighting

- Color rendering and uniformity for LEDs are better than HPS
  - Minimum illuminance levels equal to HPS (perceived as better)
  - o LEDs are Dark Skies compliant



LED (left) vs HPS (right) Source: Beta Lighting & EERE



Source: Architectural Area Lighting

### Parking Garage Lighting



Before (HPS)

After (LED)

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Туре	Watts	Lumens	LPW	ССТ* (К)	CRI
LED	86	6,765	79	6,000	75
HPS	120	11,400	95	2,042	21

\*Color Correlated Temperature

Source: Progress Energy

### **Street Lighting**

- WattStopper BULIT® Wireless
   Control Node
  - Adds on/off and 0-10 volt dimming control without rewiring
  - Wireless self-healing IP control network
  - Real-time energy monitoring data
- HiLumz AC LED Retrofit
  - Up to 13,000 lumens
  - $\circ~$  30 to 390 watts
  - $\,\circ\,$  AC means no driver



Source: WattStopper BULIT®



Source: HiLumz USA AC LED Retrofit

#### **Enabling Smart Cities**

- GE Lighting for Smart Cities
  - LED Evolve<sup>™</sup> lighting fixtures
  - LightGrid<sup>™</sup> outdoor wireless
  - o Cameras
  - Predix<sup>™</sup> software



- Miami Lights: Streetlight Control Network
  - FPL has 500,000 street lights across 35 counties
  - Deploying IPv6 (open standard) mesh networking control
    - 75,000 street lights in Miami-Dade County
    - Improve street light restoration response times
    - Significant energy savings
    - Decrease maintenance costs
      - Lamp failure detection
      - o Longer life
    - Multi-layer security
  - Networking adds 20% extra cost but 30% extra benefits



Source: Philips Lighting

- New Bedford, MA
  - Population 95,000 (20 square miles)
    - \$7 million annual municipal electricity budget
  - 10,000 streetlights upgraded to LED
    - 65% less energy
  - o Investment
    - \$4.2 million projected total cost
    - <u>-\$1.2</u> million projected NSTAR rebate:
    - \$3.0 million paid by city (over 8-9 years)
  - Projected annual savings \$450,000 electricity
    - <u>+ \$100,000</u> maintenance \$550,000 total



Source: Los Angeles Bureau of Street Lighting

- Safeco Field LED Sports Lighting
  - Seattle Mariners are first MLB team to illuminate field with LEDs
  - 578 LED fixtures replaced metal halides
    - GigaTera SUFA LEDs
    - 800 watts each
    - 81 CRI
  - 60% energy savings
  - Expected 50 year life
  - MLB staff measured results:
    - Met or exceeded all standards





Source: Planled

• Ultra-slow motion replay without any flicker

#### **Poll Question**

- How valuable has this webinar been to you?
  - a) Not valuable at all.
  - b) Slightly valuable.
  - c) Moderately valuable.
  - d) Very valuable.
  - e) Extremely valuable.

- Yuma Sector Border Patrol Area
  - $\circ~$  Six luminaires on three poles
  - Hot environment
    - Sunset temperatures of 101°F to 112°F
    - Average nighttime temperature is 63°F to 68°F.



- Incumbent lights were 1,000 watt probe-start metal halide lamps outputting 64,400 lumens
- LED fixtures drew 398 watts and output 31,200 lumens
- One year results:
  - Horizontal luminance decreased by 18%
  - Vertical luminance decreased by 25%



- U.S. Department of Labor Parking Structure
  - Six-level parking structure
    - 300 luminaires total
    - 24/7 access
  - Incumbent lights were 130 watt high-pressure sodium lamps outputting 7,750 lumens
  - LED fixtures drew 62 watts and output 4,410 lumens
  - Energy savings results:
    - 52% from the straight conversion
    - 88% by using occupancy sensor controls





- Clemson University
  - Street and parking lot lighting and controls
  - o Kim Lighting's Altitude replaced 400 watt metal halides.
    - Used Hubbell's wiSCAPE LED controls
    - Programmable and dimmable with any networked device
  - 40% reduction in energy
  - o Longer life
  - Uniform light distribution





Source: Hubbell Lighting

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# **Thank You!**

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